Today Salem, Massachusetts, remains to this day a site of diversity and tolerance, but it is important to remember that the 1692 Witch Trials were not the first, nor the last, nor the only. Salem provides important lessons about the power of fear, and the dangers of a court system that failed to protect the innocent. The Marquis de Sade, writing of the Salem trials, described an atmosphere of “general hysteria,” which he called “the natural consequence of a population living in a state of constant fear.”

The Rebecca Nurse Homestead

The Rebecca Nurse Homestead, located in Danvers, Massachusetts, (formerly known as Salem Village) is the only known grave of an executed witch trials victim, and the Nurse family cemetery, which holds the remains of the Nurse family. Nurse was found guilty at the Salem Witch Trials of 1692 and hanged on July 19, 1692. The next day her great-great-grandson, John Hathorne, gained infamy as a persecutory judge during the Salem witch trials. Broad Street Cemetery is where George Corwin, Rebecca Nurse’s husband, and their infant daughter were buried. A white obelisk marks their grave. The Nurse family had a prominent role in the Salem Village meetinghouse, which was one of Salem Village’s most important landmarks. The family’s influence in the community was significant, and they were respected for their moral and religious values.

The House of the Seven Gables

The House of the Seven Gables, which has been designated as a National Historic Site, is a restored home that dates back to 1668 and is one of the oldest surviving timber-framed mansions in North America. The house is named after its seven gables, which are visible from the street. The house was once owned by Nathaniel Hawthorne, the author of the novel “The House of the Seven Gables,” which was published in 1851.

Salem has been home to many of the most significant figures in American literary history, including Nathaniel Hawthorne, whose second cousin, Susanna Ingersoll, was one of its residents. Hawthorne’s own great-great-grandmother, Abigail Ingersoll, was one of the most important figures in the Salem community, and her family home, the House of the Seven Gables, would become etched in American literary history with its connection to Salem author Nathaniel Hawthorne. The house was restored in the late 19th century and is now owned by Danvers, Massachusetts. The house is open to the public and is one of the most important landmarks in the area.

Gardens of Salem

The Salem Witch Trials Memorial is a place of meditation, remembrance, and respect. It is a public memorial to the victims of the Salem Witch Trials of 1692 and a monument to the process of forgetting. It is a place to reflect on the lessons of the past and to imagine a future where human rights and social justice are upheld. The memorial was designed by Mary Melilli, a sculptor, and features a handcrafted wooden table with a hand sculpted from the same wood as the tables used in the Salem Trials. The table is a symbol of the trials and the victims of the Salem Witch Trials.

The Witch House

The Witch House, also known as the Corwin House, was the home of a Salem Witch Trials victim, George Corwin. The house is located at 96 Derby Street in Salem, Massachusetts. It is open to the public and is one of the most important landmarks in the area. The house is a wooden frame structure with a gabled roof and is one of the oldest houses in Salem.

Salem Witch Museum

The Salem Witch Museum is located at 215 Essex Street in Salem, Massachusetts. It is a museum dedicated to the history of the Salem Witch Trials of 1692 and is one of the most important landmarks in the area. The museum has a vast collection of artifacts and documents related to the trials and is a popular destination for visitors to Salem.

Salem Witch Hunt: Examine

Salem Witch Hunt: Examine is a multimedia exhibit that explores the history of the Salem Witch Trials of 1692. It features interactive exhibits and multimedia presentations that provide a comprehensive overview of the trials and their impact on American history. The exhibit is located at the Salem Witch Museum and is one of the most important landmarks in the area.

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Cemeteries of Salem

The Cemeteries of Salem are open from dawn to dusk year round. The Rebecca Nurse Homestead and the Nurse family cemetery are located in Danvers, Massachusetts, and are also bestows the Salem Award each year and sponsors free educational programs related to human rights and social justice.

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**Witch Dungeon Museum**

The Witch Dungeon Museum has a combination ticket. Save $8.00 per combination ticket. See back cover for details.

**The True 1692**

This award-winning live performance of a witch trial recreates the verdict. The actors respond in Puritan character, testimonies, cross-examine the witnesses and decide audience is the Puritan jury. Hear the historical Bridget Bishop has been accused of witchcraft. The audience is the Puritan jury. Hear the historical Bridget Bishop has been accused of witchcraft. The actors respond in Puritan character, testimonies, cross-examine the witnesses and decide audience is the Puritan jury. Hear the historical Bridget Bishop has been accused of witchcraft. The actors respond in Puritan character, testimonies, cross-examine the witnesses and decide audience is the Puritan jury. Hear the historical Bridget Bishop has been accused of witchcraft. The actors respond in Puritan character, testimonies, cross-examine the witnesses and decide audience is the Puritan jury. Hear the historical Bridget Bishop has been accused of witchcraft. 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